
bbox-utils Documentation

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bbox-utils allows you to easily convert between different bounding box formats (YOLO, XYWH, XYXY, etc.).

It's as simple to use as:

```
from bbox_utils import BoundingBox

xy1 = np.array([100, 50])
xy2 = np.array([200, 75])
bbox = BoundingBox.from_xyxy(xy1, xy2)

# Get XYWH
xy, w, h = bbox.to_xywh()

# Get XYXY
xy1, xy2 = bbox.to_xyxy()

# Get YOLO
image_dim = 640, 420
yolo_bbox = bbox.to_yolo(image_dim)
```

You can install bbox-utils with PyPI: `pip install bbox-utils`

CONVERSIONS

1.1 2D Bounding Box Conversions:

- List of points [top left, top right, bottom right, bottom left]
- XYWH: top left, width, height
- XYYX: top left, bottom right
- YOLO
- 3D Bounding Box Conversions You can create a 3D bounding box with either:

1.2 3D Bounding Box Conversions:

You can create a 3D bounding box with either:

- A center point, width, height, depth, and rotation
- The back-bottom-left point, width, height, depth, and rotation

You can convert between the two forms and also get a triangular polygon to use for plotting triangular meshes.

The majority of the 3D Bounding Box implementation comes from the [bbox PyPI package](#).

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2.1 bbox-utils

Utilities to easily convert between different bounding box formats (YOLO, XYWH, XYXY, etc.).

2.1.1 Description

You can find documentation for the project at [here](#).

2D Bounding Box Conversions

- List of points [top left, top right, bottom right, bottom left]
- XYWH: top left, width, height
- XYXY: top left, bottom right
- YOLO

3D Bounding Box Conversions

You can create a 3D bounding box with either:

- A center point, width, height, depth, and rotation
- The back-bottom-left point, width, height, depth, and rotation

You can convert between the two forms and also get a triangular polygon to use for plotting triangular meshes.

The majority of the 3D Bounding Box implementation comes from the [bbox PyPI package](#).

Visualizations You can use *bbox-utils* to visualize annotations within point clouds or images.

To use point clouds, you will need to install [open3d](#) and [plotly](#) with either:

```
pip3 install open3d plotly==4.14.3
pip install
# or
conda install -c open3d-admin open3d
conda install -c plotly plotly=4.14.3
```

At the time of writing this, *open3d* requires Python < 3.9

To use images, you will need to install [OpenCV](#):

```
pip3 install opencv-python
# or
conda install opencv -c conda-forge
```

2.1.2 Making Changes & Contributing

This project uses `pre-commit`, please make sure to install it before making any changes:

```
pip install pre-commit
cd bbox-utils
pre-commit install
```

It is a good idea to update the hooks to the latest version:

```
pre-commit autoupdate
```

2.1.3 Note

This project has been set up using PyScaffold 4.0rc1. For details and usage information on PyScaffold see <https://pyscaffold.org/>.

2.2 License

The MIT License (MIT)

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2.3 Contributors

- Eric Wiener <ericwiener3@gmail.com>

2.4 Changelog

2.4.1 Version 0.1

- Feature A added
- FIX: nasty bug #1729 fixed
- add your changes here!

2.5 bbox_utils

2.5.1 bbox_utils package

Submodules

`bbox_utils.bbox_2d` module

class `bbox_utils.bbox_2d.BoundingBox` (*points, ordered=False*)
Bases: `object`

property center

Returns the center point of the bounding box as (x, y)

Returns center of bounding box in (x, y) form. NOT (row, column) form.

Return type `np.array`

static from_xywh (*top_left, width, height*)

Create a bounding box object from the top-left point, width, and height.

Parameters

- **top_left** (`np.array`) – array of form [x, y]
- **width** (`float`) – width of the bounding box
- **height** (`float`) – height of the bounding box

Returns a new bounding box instance

Return type `BoundingBox`

static from_xyxy (*top_left, bottom_right*)

Create a bounding box object from the top-left point and bottom-right point

Parameters

- **top_left** (`np.array`) – array of form [x, y]
- **bottom_right** (`np.array`) – array of form [x, y]

Returns a new bounding box instance

Return type `BoundingBox`

static from_yolo (*center, width, height, image_dimension*)

Create a bounding box object from YOLO formatted data

Parameters

- **center** (*np.array*) – the center coordinate of the box (x, y). Scaled [0, 1]
- **width** (*float*) – the width of the bounding box [0, 1]
- **height** (*float*) – the height of the bounding box [0, 1]
- **image_dimension** (*np.array*) – the dimensions of the image (row, cols)

Returns a new bounding box instance

Return type *BoundingBox*

property height

property points

to_xywh()

Returns the top-left point, width, and height

Returns tuple of form (np.array, float, float)

Return type *tuple*

to_xyxy()

Returns the top-left and bottom-right coordinate

Returns tuple of form (np.array, np.array)

Return type *tuple*

to_yolo(image_dimension)

Generates a YOLO formatted np.array with center_x, center_y, width, height

Parameters

- **image_dimension** (*np.array*) – array with image dimensions of form
- **(rows(rows, cols, depth) –**
- **or(cols) –**

Returns array with YOLO formatted bounding box

Return type *np.array*

validate_points(image_dimension)

Make sure all the bounding box points are within an image's dimensions

Parameters

- **image_dimension** (*np.array*) – array with the image's dimensions
- **form(in) –**

Returns whether the points are valid

Return type *bool*

property width

bbox_utils.bbox_3d module

3D bounding box module. This file is modified from <https://github.com/varunagrawal/bbox/blob/master/bbox/bbox3d.py>.

```
class bbox_utils.bbox_3d.BoundingBox3D(x, y, z, length=1, width=1, height=1, rw=1,
                                         rx=0, ry=0, rz=0, q=None, euler_angles=None,
                                         is_center=True)
```

Bases: `object`

Class for 3D Bounding Boxes (3-orthotope). It takes either the center of the 3D bounding box or the back-bottom-left corner, the width, height and length of the box, and quaternion values to indicate the rotation. :param x: X axis coordinate of 3D bounding box. Can be either center of bounding box or back-bottom-left corner. :type x: `float` :param y: Y axis coordinate of 3D bounding box. Can be either center of bounding box or back-bottom-left corner. :type y: `float` :param z: Z axis coordinate of 3D bounding box. Can be either center of bounding box or back-bottom-left corner. :type z: `float` :param length: The length of the box (default is 1).

This corresponds to the dimension along the x-axis.

Parameters

- **width** (`float`, optional) – The width of the box (default is 1). This corresponds to the dimension along the y-axis.
- **height** (`float`, optional) – The height of the box (default is 1). This corresponds to the dimension along the z-axis.
- **rw** (`float`, optional) – The real part of the rotation quaternion (default is 1).
- **rx** (`int`, optional) – The first element of the quaternion vector (default is 0).
- **ry** (`int`, optional) – The second element of the quaternion vector (default is 0).
- **rz** (`int`, optional) – The third element of the quaternion vector (default is 0).
- **euler_angles** (`list` or `ndarray` of `float`, optional) – Sequence of euler angles in $[x, y, z]$ rotation order (the default is `None`).
- **is_center** (`bool`, optional) – Flag to indicate if the provided coordinate is the center of the box (the default is `True`).

property center

Attribute to access center coordinates of box in (x, y, z) format. Can be set to `list` or `ndarray` of `float`. :returns: 3-dimensional vector representing (x, y, z) coordinates of the box. :rtype: `ndarray` of `float`

Raises **ValueError** – If `c` is not a vector/list of length 3.

`copy()`

property cx

X coordinate of center.

Type `float`

property cy

Y coordinate of center.

Type `float`

property cz

Z coordinate of center.

Type `float`

property edges

Get the edge connections for the cube

Returns list of edges of the cube

Return type np.array

classmethod from_center_dimension_euler (*center, dimension, euler_angles=None*)

Factory function to create BoundingBox3D from center, dimension, and euler arrays. Can pass in either np.arrays or Python lists.

Parameters

- **center** (*list*) – list of length 3
- **dimension** (*list*) – list of length 3
- **euler_angles** (*list, optional*) – list of length 3. Defaults to None.

Returns a new 3D bounding box object

Return type *BoundingBox3D*

classmethod from_xyzxyz (*xyz1, xyz2*)**property height**

The height of the box.

Type float

property length

Length of the box.

Type float

property p

Attribute to access ndarray of all corners of box in order. :returns: All corners of the bounding box in order.

The order goes bottom->top and clockwise starting from the bottom-left point.

Return type ndarray of float

property p1

Back-left-bottom point.

Type float

property p2

Back-right-bottom point.

Type float

property p3

Front-right-bottom point.

Type float

property p4

Front-left-bottom point.

Type float

property p5

Back-left-top point.

Type `float`

property **p6**

Back-right-top point.

Type `float`

property **p7**

Front-right-top point.

Type `float`

property **p8**

Front-left-top point.

Type `float`

property **q**

Syntactic sugar for the rotation quaternion of the box. Returns

`ndarray` of `float`: Quaternion values in (w, x, y, z) form.

property **quaternion**

The rotation quaternion. :returns: Quaternion values in (w, x, y, z) form. :rtype: `ndarray` of `float`

property **triangle_vertices**

Get triangle vertices to use when plotting a triangular mesh

Returns Triangular vertices of the cube

Return type `np.array`

property **width**

The width of the box.

Type `float`

bbox_utils.image module

class `bbox_utils.image.Image` (*image*, *args, **kwargs)

Bases: `object`

display (*image=None, title=None, library='matplotlib'*)

Display an image using a library of your choice.

Parameters

- **image** (*np.ndarray, optional*) – the image to display. If none specified, uses `self.image`.
- **title** (*str, optional*) – the title to use. Defaults to `None`.
- **library** (*str, optional*) – the library to use to display the image. Defaults to “matplotlib”. Can also choose “opencv”.

Raises `ValueError` – an error if an invalid library argument is passed.

display_bbox (*bbbox, color=(0, 0, 255), *args, **kwargs*)

Display a single bounding box

Parameters

- **bbbox** (`BoundingBox`) – a single bounding box

- **color** (*tuple*, *optional*) – color of the bounding box in BGR. Defaults to (0, 0, 255).

display_bboxes (*bboxes*, *colors*, **args*, ***kwargs*)

Display a list of bounding boxes

Parameters

- **bboxes** (*list* (*BoundingBox*)) – a list of bounding boxes
- **color** (*str* or *list* (*str*)) – a list of colors for each bounding box. Color should be specified in BGR.

classmethod display_cv2 (*image*, *title=None*)

Display an image using OpenCV.

Parameters

- **image** (*np.ndarray*) – a numpy ndarray in BGR format.
- **title** (*str*, *optional*) – the title to give the plot. Defaults to None.

classmethod display_matplotlib (*image*, *title=None*)

Display an image using matplotlib.

Parameters

- **image** (*np.ndarray*) – a numpy ndarray in BGR format.
- **title** (*str*, *optional*) – the title to give the plot. Defaults to None.

classmethod load_from_file (*file_path*, **args*, ***kwargs*)

Loads an image from a file

Parameters **file_path** (*str*) – the path to the file

classmethod validate_image (*image*)

Validate an image object

Parameters **image** (*obj*) – image to validate

Returns whether the image is valid.

Return type *bool*

bbox_utils.point_cloud module

class `bbox_utils.point_cloud.PointCloud` (*point_cloud*, **args*, ***kwargs*)

Bases: *object*

crop (*bbbox*)

Extract a point cloud from a 3D bounding box.

Source: <https://stackoverflow.com/a/65350251/6942666>

Parameters **bbbox** (*BoundingBox3D*) – a 3D bounding box

Returns

a new point cloud with just the points within the bounding box.

Return type *PointCloud*

display (*size=2*)

display_bbox (*bbox*, *color*='#ff0000', *size*=2, *args, **kwargs)

Display a single bounding box

Parameters

- **bbox** (*BoundingBox*) – a single bounding box
- **color** (*string*, *optional*) – a valid Plotly color. Defaults to '#ff0000'

Returns a Plotly figure

Return type Figure

display_bboxes (*bboxes*, *colors*='#ff0000', *size*=2, *args, **kwargs)

Display a list of bounding boxes

Parameters

- **bboxes** (*list* (*BoundingBox*)) – a list of bounding boxes
- **color** (*str* or *list* (*str*)) – a valid Plotly color: The 'color' property is a color and may be specified as:
 - A hex string (e.g. '#ff0000')
 - An rgb/rgba string (e.g. 'rgb(255,0,0)')
 - An hsl/hsla string (e.g. 'hsl(0,100%,50%)')
 - An hsv/hsva string (e.g. 'hsv(0,100%,100%)')
 - **A named CSS color:** aliceblue, antiquewhite, aqua, aquamarine, azure, beige, bisque, black, blanchedalmond, blue, blueviolet, brown, burlywood, cadetblue, chartreuse, chocolate, coral, cornflowerblue, cornsilk, crimson, cyan, darkblue, darkcyan, darkgoldenrod, darkgray, darkgrey, darkgreen, darkkhaki, darkmagenta, darkolivegreen, darkorange, darkorchid, darkred, darksalmon, darkseagreen, darkslateblue, darkslategray, darkslategrey, darkturquoise, darkviolet, deeppink, deepskyblue, dimgray, dimgrey, dodgerblue, firebrick, floralwhite, forestgreen, fuchsia, gainsboro, ghostwhite, gold, goldenrod, gray, grey, green, greenyellow, honeydew, hotpink, indianred, indigo, ivory, khaki, lavender, lavenderblush, lawngreen, lemonchiffon, lightblue, lightcoral, lightcyan, lightgoldenrodyellow, lightgray, lightgrey, lightgreen, lightpink, lightsalmon, lightseagreen, lightskyblue, lightslategray, lightslategrey, lightsteelblue, lightyellow, lime, limegreen, linen, magenta, maroon, mediumaquamarine, mediumblue, mediumorchid, mediumpurple, mediumseagreen, mediumslateblue, mediumspringgreen, mediumturquoise, mediumvioletred, midnightblue, mintcream, mistyrose, moccasin, navajowhite, navy, oldlace, olive, olivedrab, orange, orangered, orchid, palegoldenrod, palegreen, paleturquoise, palevioletred, papayawhip, peachpuff, peru, pink, plum, powderblue, purple, red, rosybrown, royalblue, rebeccapurple, saddlebrown, salmon, sandybrown, seagreen, seashell, sienna, silver, skyblue, slateblue, slategray, slategrey, snow, springgreen, steelblue, tan, teal, thistle, tomato, turquoise, violet, wheat, white, whitesmoke, yellow, yellowgreen
 - A number that will be interpreted as a color according to mesh3d.colorscale

classmethod load_from_file (*file_path*, *args, **kwargs)

Loads a point cloud from a file

Parameters *file_path* (*str*) – the path to the file

property number_of_points

The number of points within a point cloud.

Returns the number of points within a point cloud.

Return type `int`

property points

Get a `np.ndarray` representation of the point cloud.

Returns the point cloud's points

Return type `np.ndarray`

classmethod validate_point_cloud (*point_cloud*)

Validates the point cloud

Parameters **image** (*obj*) – image to validate

Returns whether the image is valid.

Return type `bool`

bbox_utils.utils module**bbox_utils.utils.in_google_colab** ()

Checks to see whether currently running in Google Colab.

Returns True or False

Return type `bool`

bbox_utils.utils.order_points (*pts*)

Orders points in form [top left, top right, bottom right, bottom left]. Source: <https://www.pyimagesearch.com/2016/03/21/ordering-coordinates-clockwise-with-python-and-opencv/>

Parameters **pts** (*np.ndarray*) – list of points of form `[[x1, y1], [x2, y2], [x3, y3], [x4, y4]]`

Returns [description]

Return type [type]

bbox_utils.utils.point_within_dimensions (*point, image_dimensions*)

Checks to see if a point falls inside an image's dimension. Works for any number of dimensions. Acceptable range is [0, dim)

Parameters

- **point** (*np.array*) – array with the point's coordinates
- **image_dimensions** (*np.array*) – array with the image dimensions

Returns whether the point lies within the dimensions

Return type `bool`

bbox_utils.utils.pointwise_distance (*pts1, pts2*)

Calculates the distance between pairs of points

Parameters

- **pts1** (*np.ndarray*) – array of form `[[x1, y1], [x2, y2], ...]`
- **pts2** (*np.ndarray*) – array of form `[[x1, y1], [x2, y2], ...]`

Returns distances between corresponding points

Return type `np.array`

`bbox_utils.utils.round_np(np_arr)`

Rounds values in a numpy array to the nearest integer

Parameters `np_arr` (*np.array*) – numpy array to round

Returns numpy array of type `np.int32`

Return type `np.array(int32)`

`bbox_utils.utils.round_scalar(scalar)`

Rounds a scalar to the nearest integer

Parameters `scalar` (*float*) – scalar to round

Returns input rounded to the nearest int

Return type `int`

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